

EXHIBIT B
SHORT FORM
TRAFFIC SIGNAL MAINTENANCE PROVISIONS

A. GENERAL PROVISIONS

1. CABINET PACK

Wiring diagrams, phase diagrams, and manuals that are required to be in each traffic signal controller cabinet at the time of construction completion shall remain in the cabinet. Written documentation of all traffic signal timing changes shall be provided in the cabinet. All entries shall be written in a clear and concise manner. The agent of the maintaining agency making any entries shall provide his/ her signature and date of entry. These shall be kept in the cabinet to assist the DEPARTMENT on emergency call outs.

2. HARDWARE SPECIFICATIONS

All equipment and material used shall comply with the requirements of the DEPARTMENT's Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction and the district special provisions.

3. HIGHWAY LIGHTING

For maintenance involving combination traffic signal and lighting unit mast arm assemblies and poles, the foundation, traffic signal mast arm assembly, pole lighting arm, luminaire and lighting cable and all signal cable shall be considered part of the traffic signal system and are the responsibility of the DEPARTMENT.

The highway lighting system components of each combination mast arm assembly and pole shall be tested for proper operation and physical condition during the intersection cabinet inspection. All costs of repairing or replacing damaged or missing non-standard IDOT highway lighting system equipment is the responsibility of the GOVERNMENTAL BODY.

4. EMERGENCY VEHICLE PREEMPTION SYSTEM

Test Emergency Vehicle Preemption System (EVPS) equipment for proper operation and physical condition during the intersection cabinet inspection. All program settings and each sequence of operation must be verified to be correct during each inspection. All cost of inspection and maintaining the EVPS equipment, including the light detectors, light detector amplifiers, radio transmitters and receivers, antennas, confirmation lights, and cables and related components, is the responsibility of the GOVERNMENTAL BODY. In addition to regular inspection and maintenance, all cost of repairing or replacing damaged or missing EVPS equipment is the responsibility of the GOVERNMENTAL BODY.

5. RAILROAD PREEMPTION

At all locations with railroad/traffic signal interconnects, respond to any and all emergency and all red flash alarms in a timely manner and notify the Illinois Commerce Commission and the GOVERNMENTAL BODY of the malfunction.

None of the traffic signal railroad preempt parameters including but not limited to the phase timings, phase sequences and pedestrian and vehicular clearance intervals can be modified without prior approval from the Illinois Commerce Commission.

Maintain unique spare controller data modules or sets of data chips containing the final railroad preemption parameters for each location.

Cooperate in any inspection as deemed necessary by the DEPARTMENT or the Illinois Commerce Commission.

The DEPARTMENT shall provide contact personnel available at all times to who railroad preemption malfunctions must be reported.

6. DAMAGE REPAIRS

Repair or replace any and all standard DEPARTMENT equipment damaged by any cause whatsoever. Equipment owned by a third party, such as EVP, lighted street name signs, TSP, and the like are the responsibility of others.

7. ACCIDENT DAMAGE

Be responsible to make recovery for damage to any part of the installation or system from the party causing the damage.

Whenever third-party claims cannot be recovered, the GOVERNMENTAL BODY shall share in the loss.

8. TEMPORARY TRAFFIC CONTROL

Provide temporary traffic control during a period of equipment failure or for when the controller must be disconnected. This may be accomplished through the installation of a spare controller, placing the intersection on flash, manually operating the controller, manually directing traffic through the use of proper authorities, or installing temporary stop signs which will be removed once the signal is in working condition.

9. EMERGENCY PERSONNEL

Provide skilled maintenance personnel who will be available to respond without delay to emergency calls. This may be provided by agency forces, contract, or maintenance agreement. Controller failure, lights out, knockdowns, or two (2) red lights out at intersection are considered emergencies.

B. AS REPORTED OR OBSERVED

1. LAMP REPLACEMENT

Replace burned out lamps for all red signal indications within twenty-four (24) hours of notification of burnout or on the next business day following the notification. However, if two or more red indications for an approach are burned out, these lamps must be replaced as soon as possible, and under no circumstances longer than twenty-four (24) hours after notification. Replace all other burned out lamps within forty-eight (48) hours or next business day of notification of burnout. Lamp changes shall always include a lens cleaning.

2. SIGNAL ALIGNMENT

Keep signal heads properly adjusted, including plumb, and tightly mounted. All controller cabinets, signal posts and controller pedestals should be tight on their foundations and in alignment.

3. CONTROLLER PROBLEMS

Check the controllers, relays, and detectors after receiving complaints or calls to ascertain that they are functioning properly and make all necessary repairs and replacement.

4. L.E.D. SIGNAL HEAD AND L.E.D. MODULE REPLACEMENT

An L.E.D. module shall be considered failed and shall be replaced if the indication is dark or if the module fails to meet ITE specification on minimum maintained luminous intensity.

Replace failed modules for all red signal indications within twenty-four (24) hours of notification of failure or on the next business day following the notification. However, if two or more red indications for an approach are failed, these modules must be replaced as soon as possible, and under no circumstances longer than twenty-four (24) hours after notification. Replace all other failed modules within forty-eight (48) hours or next business day of notification of failure.

C. WEEKLY

1. MASTER CONTROLLER or ADVANCE TRAFFIC MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS

At locations that are a part of a closed loop signal or advance traffic management systems maintained by the GOVERNMENTAL BODY, repair any and all malfunctions in a timely manner so that the signals remain under the control of the master at all times.

As needed assist in the implementation of the signal system timing plans.

Maintain the central signal system software on a PC so that the signal system is monitored weekly. Check weekly by phone or location visit for any malfunction. Verify software accuracy to central office software.

D. BI-MONTHLY (Every 2 months)

1. CABINET INSPECTION

Check the controllers, relays, and detectors to ascertain that they are functioning properly and make all necessary repairs and replacement.

Keep interior of controller cabinet in a clean and neat condition at all times. Replace filters per manufacturer's recommendations.

2. OBSERVE SIGNALS

Observe the signals at the time of the bi-monthly cabinet inspection. This involves stopping and watching for correct detection and timing operation.

3. DETECTION TESTING

Test and inspect vehicle detection inductance loops, loop detectors, and pedestrian detection during cabinet visit bi-monthly.

4. VIDEO DETECTION TESTING

Inspect, maintain, and clean all video detection and surveillance systems bi-monthly or as needed, to achieve clean lenses, and adjust for proper alignment and proper focus. This shall include system camera, lenses, camera housings and hood/shield, pan tilt, and zoom mechanisms and motors, mounting brackets and hardware, poles, microprocessors, controller, cables and communication equipment, and other related components. Maintenance shall include modifications to programmable detection zones.

5. CONTROLLER CHECK

When controllers malfunction, they shall be removed, repaired, and bench checked. The controllers shall not be removed for annual maintenance inspections.

This bi-monthly check should verify software with central office software and reprint cabinet pack timings sheet. Controller check shall occur during the bi-monthly cabinet inspection.

6. FUSE AND BREAKER CHECKS

Fuse and breaker checks should occur during the bi-monthly cabinet inspection. Replace burned out fuses or deteriorated breakers as needed.

7. CLEARANCE TRIMMING

Remove any obstruction blocking the line of sight of the traffic signal face to the motorist including trimming trees, bushes or any other form of vegetation blocking said lines of sight.

E. GENERAL

1. ANNUAL HARDWARE INSPECTION

Inspect all mast arm assemblies, mast arm poles, brackets (or other types of hardware) supporting traffic heads or pedestrian signal heads on an annual basis.

2. ANNUAL CONFLICT MONITOR AND MMU TEST

Test all conflict monitors and MMUs once every two years in accordance with manufacturer recommendations.

3. PAVEMENT MARKINGS

In District 1, the GOVERNMENTAL BODY shall inspect stop bars, symbols, special pavement treatments and crosswalks and replace as necessary to insure proper motorist and pedestrian guidance;

Whereas, in District 2 through District 9, the cost of pavement markings is shared between the DEPARTMENT and the GOVERNMENTAL BODY according to Exhibit A.

4. The GOVERNMENTAL BODY shall also be responsible for maintenance of the installed street name signs on approaches to a State highway from a local road. Because of the value of street name signs to motorists, the GOVERNMENTAL BODY shall provide such signs at all named State highway intersections.

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